

VILLAGE OF ORLAND PARK

14700 Ravinia Avenue Orland Park, IL 60462 www.orlandpark.org

Meeting Agenda

Committee of the Whole

	Village President Keith Pekau	
	Village Clerk John C. Mehalek	
Trustees, Kathlee	en M. Fenton, James V. Dodge, Jr., Daniel T. Cal	andriello,
William R. He	ealy, Cynthia Nelson Katsenes, and Michael R. I	Milani
Monday, October 19, 2020	6:00 PM	Village Hall

- A. CALL TO ORDER/ROLL CALL
- B. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

C. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

<u>2020-0690</u> Approval of the October 5, 2020, Committee of the Whole Minutes

Attachments: Draft Minutes

D. ITEMS FOR SEPARATE ACTION

- 1. <u>2020-0715</u> Orland Park Heroes' Banner Program
- 2. <u>2020-0717</u> Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Software Review

Attachments: Cost Comparison

E. NON-SCHEDULED CITIZENS & VISITORS

F. ADJOURNMENT

DATE:

REQUEST FOR ACTION REPORT

File Number:	2020-0690
Orig. Department:	Village Clerk
File Name:	Approval of the October 5, 2020, Committee of the Whole Minutes

BACKGROUND:

BUDGET IMPACT:

REQUESTED ACTION:

I move to approve the Minutes of the Regular Meeting of the Committee of the Whole of October 5, 2020.

VILLAGE OF ORLAND PARK

14700 Ravinia Avenue Orland Park, IL 60462 www.orlandpark.org



Meeting Minutes

Monday, October 5, 2020

6:00 PM

Village Hall

Committee of the Whole

Village President Keith Pekau Village Clerk John C. Mehalek Trustees, Kathleen M. Fenton, James V. Dodge, Jr., Daniel T. Calandriello, William R. Healy, Cynthia Nelson Katsenes, and Michael R. Milani

CALL TO ORDER/ROLL CALL

The meeting was called to order at 6:00 P.M.

- **Present:** 6 President Pekau; Trustee Fenton; Trustee Calandriello; Trustee Healy; Trustee Nelson Katsenes and Trustee Milani
- Absent: 1 Trustee Dodge

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

2020-0659 Approval of the September 21, 2020, Committee of the Whole Minutes

I move to approve the Minutes of the Regular Meeting of the Committee of the Whole of September 21, 2020.

A motion was made by Trustee Fenton, seconded by Trustee Milani, that this matter be APPROVED. The motion carried by the following vote:

Ave: 6 - President Pekau, Trustee Fenton, Trustee Calandriello, Trustee Healy, Trustee Nelson Katsenes, and Trustee Milani

Nay: 0

Absent: 1 - Trustee Dodge

ROLL CALL

Trustee Dodge arrived at 6:03 P.M.

Present: 7 - President Pekau; Trustee Fenton; Trustee Dodge; Trustee Calandriello; Trustee Healy; Trustee Nelson Katsenes and Trustee Milani

ITEMS FOR SEPARATE ACTION

2020 Land Development Code Amendments II 2020-0656

Project 2020 Land Development Code Amendments II - 2020-0656

Petitioner **Development Services Department**

Purpose The purpose of the proposed amendments is to update and clarify the Land Development Code.

Requested Actions: Land Development Code Amendments

Topics Update to the Sign Code Update to Outdoor Seating Area Requirements Update to Sanitary Manhole Installation Requirements Update to As-Built Electronic Data Requirements Update to Storm Sewer and Storm Water Detention Design Standards for Rainfall Intensity

Update to Allow Unshielded Accent Lighting on Non-Residential Properties Facing Interstate 80

Update to Fence Requirements

Update to Establish Requirements for Privately-Owned Detention Ponds for New Developments

Project Attributes (Sections to be Amended) Section 2-102 Definitions Section 5-112 Development and Subdivision Requirements Section 6-207 BIZ General Business District, Section 6-210 COR Mixed Use District Section 6-211 ORI Mixed Use District Section 6-212 Village Center District Section 6-302 Accessory Structures and Uses Section 6-307 Signs Section 6-308 Design Standards Section 6-310 Fences Section 6-315 Exterior Lighting Section 6-408 Sanitary Sewer System

Section 6-409 Storm Sewers and Storm Water Detention

Exhibits

Exhibit A - Section 6-307 Signs - Proposed Amendments Exhibit B - Table 6-302.C.1 (A) – Attached to the Committee Packet Accessory Structures and Table 6-302.C.1(B) - Detached Accessory Structures

OVERVIEW AND BACKGROUND

The second round of Land Development Code Amendments for 2020 is presented in the attached to the Committee Packet Amendment Report to the Plan Commission. The Amendment Report, titled "2020 Land Development Code Amendments II - Amendment Report to the Plan Commission", contains various amendments to the sections identified above.

The Amendment Report contains the full narrative explanation for each amendment followed by the respective Code changes. Language with a strike-out indicates elimination from the Code. In all cases, language that is bolded and in red (red) indicates proposed addition to the Code.

PLAN COMMISSION DISCUSSION

A public hearing was held before the Plan Commission on September 29, 2020. There were no members of the public present. A summary of the items discussed at the public hearing is included below:

Flagpoles and Flags

Staff presented the proposed amendments to flagpole regulations. Commissioner Zomparelli asked if there were any regulations for lighting flags and flag poles. Staff commented that the Land Development Code currently includes general lighting standards, such as prohibiting flashing lights or strobe lights. Commissioner Zaatar asked what the formal process is for staff to review proposed flag poles on properties to ensure the Village's code requirements are met. Staff has revised the proposed regulations to include a reference that requires flags and flag poles to meet the existing lighting standards listed in Section 6-315 (Exterior Lighting) and Section 6-307 (Signs). Lighting must be shielded and directed away from the public right-of-ways and adjacent properties. The proposed amendments have also been updated to state that all new freestanding, ground-based flagpoles shall be reviewed and approved administratively via an Appearance Review by the Development Services Department in accordance with Section 5-106 (Appearance Review) or approval of Elevations in accordance with Section 5-101 (Development Review Procedures). A building permit shall be obtained through the Development Services Department prior to the installation or construction of any freestanding, ground-based flagpole.

Sign Code

Staff provided an overview of the amendments to the Sign Code and clarified questions from the Commission. There was a discussion if the proposed changes to temporary signs included real estate signs and political signs. Staff commented that those types of signs are currently included in signs exempt from obtaining a permit subject to meeting the regulations listed in the Sign Code. The proposed changes are for temporary signs requiring a permit from the Development Services Department. The proposed changes are intended to provide stronger content-neutral regulations that do not violate the Supreme Court Decision in Reed v. Town of Gilbert.

The Commission also asked for clarification on the proposed changes to prohibited signage on commercial vehicles. The proposed amendment is intended to assist with code enforcement and clarify regulations for signage on commercial vehicles used for daily operations or during the regular course of business versus vehicles not used for daily operations and are just parked or stored on-site as a means to display a sign or advertise for a business. The proposed changes will allow for commercial signs displayed on vehicles used for the daily operations of a business provided that the vehicles are parked or stored on private property in a location farthest away from the public right-of-way or in the least visible location from the public right-of-way, as determined by the Development Services Department.

Unshielded Accent Lighting (LED Rope and Band Lighting) for Non-Residential Properties Abutting Interstate 80 Commissioner Zomparelli asked for clarification on the type of unshielded lighting proposed. Staff presented sample photos showing the proposed LED rope lighting provided by the commercial developer of a building currently under construction that abuts I-80 and who has requested an amendment to allow for unshielded LED rope lighting. Commissioner Paul asked for clarification on the proposed regulations to allow LED rope or banding lighting to only be installed horizontally on a building façade and that all unshielded accent lighting shall not be allowed to outline building elements, such as doors and windows. The intent of the proposed regulations is to ensure that the unshielded rope lights are utilized only as an accent and will not outline every single portion of a building's architectural features or elements. The proposed language also intends to ensure that only continuous, non-blinking light sources that highlight a building facade or other architectural features are allowed.

There was a discussion on if the proposed changes should only be limited to the I-80 area or should be allowed in other areas of the Village. The proposed changes are being presented by staff for discussion as a result of a request from a commercial developer of a building currently under construction that abuts I-80. Staff stated that the intent of the code amendment is to allow for a pilot program for unshielded rope lights in a specific area of town to evaluate the impacts of the proposed amendment. The code change would also help to draw more attention specifically to the I-80 corridor.

Several Commissioners suggested that allowing unshielded LED rope lighting in other commercial areas of the Village should be considered. There was a discussion that LED rope lighting was previously installed at Palos Hospital, which was included on their plan set, but was missed during the review. One of the Commissioners noted that this lighting was attractive and done nicely.

Commissioner Murphy noted that LED rope lighting can be done tastefully, however, there may be issues with tenants using different colors or designs of lights in the same multi-tenant shopping center. The proposed language has been revised to include an additional requirement that a unified, consistent, and harmonious light design and color shall be applied to all eligible facades on a building. Individual tenants within a multi-tenant building shall not install different types, designs, or colors of unshielded LED ropes or bands.

Commissioner Zaatar also commented that the proposed code language could also be revised to require a review on a case by case basis to ensure all code requirements are met. The proposed language has been revised to state that all unshielded LED rope lighting shall be reviewed and approved administratively via an Appearance Review by the Development Services Department in accordance with Section 5-106 (Appearance Review) or approval of Elevations in accordance with Section 5-101 (Development Review Procedures).

Establish Requirements for Privately-Owned Detention Ponds for New Developments in the Village

Staff provided an overview of the proposed amendments to require new detention ponds to be privately-owned and maintained for all new developments and clarified questions from the Commission.

The Village's standard practice has been to accept ownership and long-term maintenance of detention ponds for residential subdivisions after final acceptance of the pond by the Village. After the construction of a detention pond, it is inspected for compliance and must adhere to the 3-year maintenance and monitoring plan. If the inspections are passed in each of the first 3 years, the Village will accept ownership and long-term maintenance of the pond for a residential project.

The proposed code changes state that the Village will no longer take ownership of detention ponds for new developments. Detention ponds will be approved based on the same process and criteria currently held by the Village, however, they will not be accepted by the Village for long-term maintenance. The maintenance will be the responsibility of the property owner. A home owner's association (HOA) and a special service area (SSA) must be established for new subdivisions for the maintenance of stormwater drainage facilities. In the event that the HOA, for any reason, not be able to fulfill the maintenance responsibilities, the required work will be completed by the Village and the costs will be recouped when the SSA is activated. Staff will evaluate how to ensure privately-owned ponds are continually maintained over time, potentially through regular inspections or documentation provided by an HOA.

The intent of the code is to reduce the long-term maintenance costs accepted by the Village for future developments. The Village is one of the only communities that continues to accept ownership and maintenance of new ponds. The proposed changes would not apply to existing developments.

Commission Zaatar commented that many of the new developments have not been able to meet the Village's code requirements for pond slopes or setbacks. Developers have consistently asked for variances to the code to accommodate the proposed plans. These variances have been evaluated on a case by case. There was a discussion if the code requirements should be re-evaluated if most developments cannot or do not meet the code requirements.

PLAN COMMISSION MOTION

On September 29, 2020, the Plan Commission moved, by a vote of 6-0, to recommend to the Village Board of Trustees to accept as findings of fact of the Plan Commission the findings of fact set forth in the staff report, dated September 29, 2020, and recommended to approve the Land Development Code amendments for Section 2-102, Section 5-112, Section 6-207, Section 6-210, Section 6-211, Section 6-212, Section 6-302, Section 6-307, Section 6-308, Section 6-310, Section 6-315, Section 6-408, and Section 6-409, as presented in the attached to the Committee Packet Amendment Report titled "2020 Land"

Development Code Amendments II - Amendment Report to the Plan Commission" and associated exhibits, prepared by the Development Services Department and dated September 29, 2020.

This case is now before the Committee of the Whole for recommendation prior to final consideration by the Board of Trustees.

Director of Development Services Ed Lelo presented the item. (refer to audio)

Trustee Katsenes asked questions. (refer to audio)

Director Lelo responded to Trustee Katsenes questions. (refer to audio)

Trustee Dodge asked questions. (refer to audio)

Director Lelo responded to Trustee Dodge's questions. (refer to audio)

Trustee Dodge made a comment. (refer to audio)

Trustee Calandriello asked questions. (refer to audio)

Director Lelo responded to Trustee Calandriello's questions. (refer to audio)

Mayor Pekau made a comment. (refer to audio)

Trustee Calandriello asked questions. (refer to audio)

Director Lelo responded to Trustee Calandriello's questions. (refer to audio)

Mayor Pekau asked a question. (refer to audio)

Trustee Calandriello responded to Mayor Pekau's question. (refer to audio)

Director Lelo, Trustee Calandriello and Mayor Pekau mada comments. (refer to audio)

Mayor Pekau entertained an amendment to allow fences that are not solid to go all the way to the ground. It was moved by Trustee Dodge, and seconded by Trustee Katsenes, All were in favor. (refer to audio)

A consensus was taken for staff to bring back information to discuss equity issues, All were in favor. (refer to audio)

I move to recommend to the Village Board of Trustees approval of the 2020 Land Development Code Amendments II, as recommended at the September 29,

2020, Plan Commission meeting, and as fully referenced below.

THIS SECTION FOR REFERENCE ONLY - (NOT NECESSARY TO BE READ) I move to recommend to the Village Board of Trustees to approve the Land Development Code amendments for Section 2-102, Section 5-112, Section 6-207, Section 6-210, Section 6-211, Section 6-212, Section 6-302, Section 6-307, Section 6-308, Section 6-310, Section 6-315, Section 6-408, and Section 6-409, as presented in the attached Amendment Report titled "2020 Land Development Code Amendments II - Amendment Report to the Committee of the Whole" and associated exhibits, prepared by the Development Services Department and dated October 5, 2020.

A motion was made by Trustee Nelson Katsenes, seconded by Trustee Dodge, that this matter be RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL to the Board of Trustees due back on 10/19/2020. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 7 - President Pekau, Trustee Fenton, Trustee Dodge, Trustee Calandriello, Trustee Healy, Trustee Nelson Katsenes, and Trustee Milani

Nay: 0

2020-0682 Ordinance Amending Title 7 Chapter 16 (Raffles) of Orland Park Village Code

Per a Village Board member inquiry, staff reviewed the Village's existing Raffle Code. The existing Raffle Code mirrors State law except for political committees. In State law, the Raffles Act allows for political committees to receive a raffle license. The Village ordinance doesn't prohibit it; however, it is silent on the issue. After thorough review and advisement from legal counsel, staff is making several recommendations addressing this language in the Village Code, as well as addressing operational efficiencies.

State law authorizes local governments to issue licenses for raffles and to establish its own ordinances controlling how they operate. On July 19, 2019, the Governor signed P.A. 101-109 enacting significant amendments to the State Raffles and Poker Runs Act that modify, and in some cases relax, requirements for local raffle regulations. As a result, staff and legal counsel have undertaken a review of the Village's current raffle regulations and is asking the Board to consider amendments to the Village Code to be consistent with the amended Raffles Act and to set forth the requirements for the application process and the qualifications of those applicants applying for a license to conduct and operate a raffle within the Village of Orland Park.

The proposed amendments include:

- As part of the Act, raffle chances can now be sold statewide, which is a change from the previous language that restricted the sale to the locality where licensed. The raffle drawing winning ticket must still be within the corporate boundaries of the Village. - The proposed Village Code amendment will now authorize raffle license applications to be approved administratively as long as they meet the requirements of the Village Code.

- The list of eligible organizations to conduct raffles is expanded to include: law enforcement agencies and their statewide associations.

- The Act previously required municipalities to establish certain limits on prize values, chance prices, and duration of chance sales. But with the new Act, those limits are optional. This proposed ordinance does not change the limitations set by the Village but the Village could eliminate the limitations placed on prizes if it so chooses.

- The Act now provides that the sponsoring organization may contract with third parties to provide services in connection with the raffle.

- There is additional information that is being required in the application process.

- The Ordinance makes it clear that the Village does not license political committees as they are licensed only by the State Board of Elections.

Village Manager George Koczwara presented the item. (refer to audio)

Trustee Dodge asked questions. (refer to audio)

Village Manager Koczwara responded to Trustee Dodge's questions. (refer to audio)

Trustee Dodge made comments and asked questions. (refer to audio)

Village Manager Koczwara and Village Attorney Dennis Walsh responded to Trustee Dodge's question. (refer to audio)

Trustee Dodge, Village Manager Koczwara and Village Attorney made comments. (refer to audio)

I move recommend to the Village Board to pass an ordinance entitled: AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 7 CHAPTER 16 (RAFFLES) OF THE Orland Park VILLAGE CODE

A motion was made by Trustee Fenton, seconded by Trustee Nelson Katsenes, that this matter be RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL to the Board of Trustees due back on 10/19/2020. The motion carried by the following vote:

> Aye: 7 - President Pekau, Trustee Fenton, Trustee Dodge, Trustee Calandriello, Trustee Healy, Trustee Nelson Katsenes, and Trustee Milani

Nay: 0

2020-0673 Picnic Tables/Super Cooker/Barricade Rentals

The delivery of picnic tables, super cookers and barricades to resident addresses was discontinued in 2020 due to the pandemic.

Previous to this, picnic tables were available for \$27/table with a ten table minimum, super cookers were \$100 per rental. Barricades were \$50 for up to 5 barricades. In 2019 there were 14 picnic table rentals, 11 super cooker rentals and 6 barricade rentals.

A ten table picnic table delivery generates \$270 at a cost to deliver and pick up of \$544.32. A super cooker delivery, pick-up and after use cleaning is \$78, while delivering up to five barricades results in a cost of \$64.18.

The delivery of picnic tables and barricades are cost prohibitive. The earnings to deliver a super cooker are marginal. Additionally, the delivery of these items creates a liability risk for the Village and impacts staff's ability to support core services such as preparing fields for weekend games/tournaments or Village special events. In 2021, there are 30 tournaments scheduled for Centennial Park and the John Humphrey Complex.

The rental of these items also undercuts private businesses which offer these types of services. Rental agencies including Marquee Events, Plcnic City and INdestructo Party Rental provide a large variety and inventory of rental items to meet the needs of residents.

Director of Recreation and Parks Ray Piattoni presented the item. (refer to audio)

Trustee Dodge asked questions. (refer to audio)

Director Piattoni responded to Trustee Dodge's questions. (refer to audio)

Trustee Dodge and Director Piattoni made comments. (refer to audio)

Mayor Pekau made comments. (refer to audio)

Director Piattoni made a comment. (refer to audio)

I move to recommend to the Village Board to approve to discontinue the delivery of picnic tables, super cookers and barricades to resident, organization and business addresses.

A motion was made by Trustee Milani, seconded by Trustee Calandriello, that this matter be RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL to the Board of Trustees due back on 10/19/2020. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 7 - President Pekau, Trustee Fenton, Trustee Dodge, Trustee Calandriello, Trustee Healy, Trustee Nelson Katsenes, and Trustee Milani

Nay: 0

ADJOURNMENT: 6:32 P.M.

A motion was made by Trustee Fenton, seconded by Trustee Calandriello, that this matter be ADJOURNED. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 7 - President Pekau, Trustee Fenton, Trustee Dodge, Trustee Calandriello, Trustee Healy, Trustee Nelson Katsenes, and Trustee Milani

Nay: 0

2020-0689 Audio Recording for the October 5, 2020 Committee of the Whole Meeting

NO ACTION

/LI

Respectfully Submitted,

John C. Mehalek, Village Clerk

REQUEST FOR ACTION REPORT

File Number:	2020-0715
Orig. Department:	Village Manager
File Name:	Orland Park Heroes' Banner Program

BACKGROUND:

At the Veteran's Commission request, staff met to discuss instituting an 'Orland Park Heroes' banner program. In summary, the program purpose would be to honor current and former residents of the community who have served, or are currently serving, our country in any branch of the military. Banners will be displayed from Memorial Day through Veterans Day, along Ravinia Avenue between 159th street to 143rd street. There are a number of communities that currently produce a similar program.

Prior to the implementation of the Orland Park's Heroes' Banner Program, staff will review pole placement, quantities, and sizes that would be suitable along Ravinia. Although there is a vendor that offers this program, staff believes the program can be managed internally in a more cost effective manner while simultaneously supporting local business(es) with the banner production component.

BUDGET IMPACT:

All costs associated with the program will be fully offset through the fee collected to participate in the program.

REQUESTED ACTION:

I move to recommend to the Village Board approving the Orland Park's Honorary Heroes' Banner Program.

REQUEST FOR ACTION REPORT

File Number:	2020-0717
Orig. Department:	Information Technology Department
File Name:	Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Software Review

BACKGROUND:

Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) is business process management software that enables an organization to use a system of <u>integrated</u> applications to manage and <u>automate</u> core business functions. This platform of applications typically focuses on automated workflows for financial processes. The Village's present Harris Innoprise ERP does not to satisfy the five primary requirements that an ideal ERP provides.

First, it has to be <u>functional</u> and satisfy the requirements of the business units, end users and customers. This system would have an intuitive user interface that is easy to learn and requires little effort to input and retrieve information. Innoprise is cumbersome for the user to navigate. It requires staff to utilize third-party vendor software, Excel spreadsheets, and Access databases to provide the functionality Innoprise lacks. It also does not integrate with the Village's Tyler EAM/311/EnerGov applications resulting in dual entry and other inefficiencies.

Second, the ideal ERP has to be <u>sustainable</u>. The ERP vendor must be an established company with sustained growth, a stable financial base, and a large customer base. A large public sector customer base is especially important due to its unique reporting, compliance, and records requirements. An ideal ERP is developed using current software code, platforms and architectures. A customer should not invest in an antiquated, soon to be end of life, platform. Harris is not adequately investing in the Innoprise ERP platform leaving customers with antiquated software and unreliable technical support.

Third, the ideal ERP has to be <u>affordable</u>. Regardless of how well an ERP satisfies the customer's requirements; the customer needs to determine if it can sustain the cost of implementation, ongoing onsite and vendor support, and annual licensing costs. While the Innoprise licensing and support costs are \$68,000 annually, there are significant costs related to the inefficiencies caused by the lack of functionality and supporting third-party software.

Fourth, the ideal ERP system has to be <u>scalable</u> and be able to sustain higher capacities of users and storage. Innoprise has significant performance issues when there is a larger number of concurrent users on the system. This has resulted in staff experiencing wait times ranging from 30 seconds to 30 minutes to process one invoice or to process a staff person's time sheet. The Police Department has incurred significant overtime costs just to process their payroll each period.

Finally, the ideal ERP has to be <u>adaptable</u>. The vendor must adequately invest in research and development, adapting as technology changes by adding new functionality. Such a platform would not require the customer to replace their platform after significant initial and ongoing investment. The Village desires to move more business process functions online and to staff in the field. Innoprise does not provide an adequate online portal or mobile apps to provide these capabilities.

Due to the aforementioned issues, an interdepartmental ERP Strategy Task Force was developed and charged with developing an integrated ERP strategy and approach. An ERP system is significant investment for any business and typically has a life span ranging from 10-20 years; therefore, it is important to look at total cost of ownership over an extended period as opposed to strictly the initial investment. The team evaluated Tyler Technologies Munis ERP and BS&A Software as the two leaders in the Midwest municipal market. The Village is heavily invested in Tyler Technologies through their New World Computer-Aided Dispatch, EnerGov Community Development platform, as well as Enterprise Asset Management and is currently launching 311 Citizen Access.

As part of the due diligence, staff from all Village departments participated in software demonstrations and reviewed the cost proposals received from each vendor. Staff performed reference checks with other municipalities who are using each of these ERP platforms.

The total cost to purchase and implement the Tyler Munis ERP is presently estimated at \$1,289,118. The total cost to purchase and implement the BS&A ERP is estimated at \$945,435. The difference between both vendor's cost estimates is \$343,683. While at first appearance the BS&A ERP solution appears to offer a lower price, it is important to note that BS&A does not provide comparable functionality.

If the Village were to contract with BS&A, it would have to maintain its existing Tyler Enterprise Asset Management/311/EnerGov software at a cost of \$133,072 annually and would incur additional inefficiency due to lack of system integration. These inefficiencies create business process redundancy as data is entered into two separate systems, or custom integrations requiring extra expenditure and reprogramming after software updates. If Tyler Technologies was selected, this annual maintenance cost is absorbed by the proposed contract.

BS&A also does not have scheduling time and attendance functionality. We would need to purchase NovaTime at an added cost of \$35,410 with maintenance fees of \$49,215.

Tyler is also providing business process consulting and documentation services (valued at \$84,000); which BS&A's proposal does not include and would need to be paid for using an outside consultant. The business process consulting will be essential in making sure that the ERP system replacement is utilized as an opportunity to improve our workflow and fully implement the interoperability of the new ERP system.

With NovaTime and the additional Business Process Improvement Consultant, the total startup costs for BS&A are estimated at \$1,029,435, which is \$259,683 less than Tyler MUNIS.

Annual maintenance fees total \$126,628 for Tyler MUNIS, while the total maintenance fees for BS&A, NovaTime, and Tyler Energov/311/ComDev are \$248,762, a difference of \$122,134. During the third year of the agreement, the total cost of ownership for Tyler MUNIS becomes less expensive to own and

maintain. For the first 5 years, Tyler MUNIS is estimated to cost \$1,818,882. Over the same 5 years BS&A/NovaTime/Tyler Energov/311/ComDev is estimated to cost \$2,128,827, or \$309,944 more. Please refer to the Munis BS&A 5-Year Cost Comparison for a more detailed breakdown of each vendor's proposal and the five-year total cost of ownership.

Staff recommends purchasing and implementing the Tyler Munis ERP platform for the following reasons:

- **1. Functionality** The Tyler ERP platform provides significantly more functionality and scalability than BS&A.
- 2. EAM/311 Staff has been using Tyler EAM since 2018 and soft launched 311 internally in October 2020. There would be significant cost to maintain this platform alongside the BS&A platform, increasing total operational expenses above those of Tyler Technologies' Munis platform.
- **3. Sustainability** Tyler Technologies is a large publically traded enterprise that is financially sound and not likely to be bought or merged into another company, as occurred with the Village's current Innoprise ERP. Tyler is constantly innovating and provides major updates to its software annually. BS&A is a small privately owned company. Its ERP platform is limited in functionality requiring other software vendors to fill out its portfolio. Its software will undoubtably require a redevelopment effort in the near future. The ERP Strategy Task Force received feedback from other customers that they have been promised updates for years, but no action has been taken, therefore the Task Force is concerned about the longevity of the software system and future replacement or purchase of the platform.
- 4. Affordability While the total cost to implement Tyler Munis ERP is significant, its annual licensing and support costs reduce long term operational costs when compared to the total annual cost to maintain existing disparate systems which provide similar functionality that is already included in Tyler Munis ERP.

Implementation is projected to take 18-24 months from contract signing due to its complexity and to lesson the impact to existing operations. It is recommended the Village dedicate a full time project manager to coordinate this effort and facilitate its completion. The Village will issue an RFP to solicit proposals from firms experienced with providing these services for implementation of the Tyler Munis ERP platform.

BUDGET IMPACT:

REQUESTED ACTION:

Staff recommends the Committee of the Whole provide consensus to negotiate a contract with Tyler Technologies for procurement of their software and services to implement the Munis ERP system for the Village of Orland Park. The fully negotiated and reviewed contract would be brought forward at a future Board of Trustees meeting for approval.

		Tyler MUNIS	Running total		BS&A	Running total	Difference
Financial software purchase and first years cost	\$	1,289,118		\$	945,435		
Business Process improvement					84,000		
Consultant (optional)					-		
Startup Costs	—	1,289,118	1,289,118		1,029,435	1,029,435	259,683
Maintenance Costs							
Financial Software		126,628			66,475		
Novatime					49,215		
Tyler Energov/311/ComDev					133,072		
Total Maintenance	_	126,628			248,762		(122,134)
Year 2		126,628	1,415,746		258,780	1,288,215	(132,152
Year 3		130,427	1,546,173		269,209	1,557,424	(138,782
Year 4		134,340	1,680,512		280,058	1,837,482	(145,718
Year 5		138,370	1,818,882		291,344	2,128,827	(152,975
5 Year cost	\$	1,818,882		\$	2,128,827		\$ (309,944
Notes:							
Tyler Energov/311/ComDev is rolled	into	software maintenan	nce costs if we purcha:	se MUN	IS		
Assume MUNIS escalator is flat for ye			•				
Average CPI has been 2.1% for the p		•	// 1/ ==				
Assume Energov/311/ComDev escale		-	vears with BS&A softw	are			
	year			u.c			